

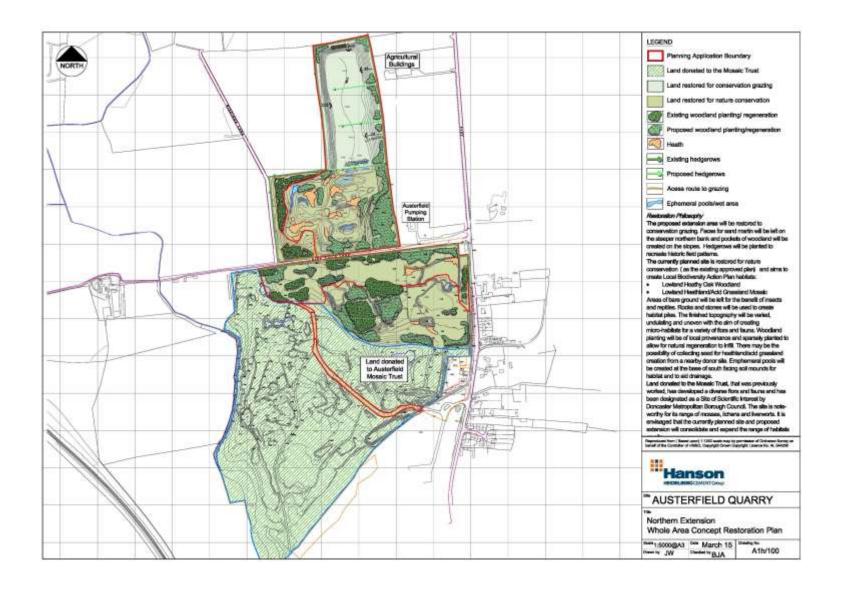
Austerfield Quarry Site Biodiversity Action Plan



Prepared: May 2010 Updated: July 2016

Site Information-Austerfield

Site Name and	Austerfield Quarry is situated approximately 1km to the north					
Location	of Bawtry in South Yorkshire.					
	Grid ref SK 657 947					
Hanson Company	Hanson Aggregates - North					
BAP(s) that will be	UK BAP					
targeted	Doncaster LBAP					
Habitat(s) to be	Hedgerows, lowland mixed deciduous woodland, lowland					
developed	heath and acid grassland					
BAP species to be	Mammals: Water vole, brown hare, harvest mouse, bats (all					
encouraged	species)					
	Birds: Barn owl, woodland edge species (turtle dove, green					
	woodpecker, bullfinch, spotted flycatcher, lesser spotted					
	woodpecker, farmland species (marsh tit, tree sparrow, grey					
	partridge, corn bunting, yellow wagtail, skylark) and sand					
	martin					
	Reptiles and amphibians: All species					
	Invertebrates: Solitary wasps and bees,					
	Plants: number of heath/acid grassland species listed in the					
	Preliminary Atlas for Doncaster (January 2007)					
Designated Natural	Humberhead Levels					
Area	Trumberriead Ecvers					
Background and	To the south of the quarry lies the River Idle Washlands					
site description	SSSI, to the west of the site is King's Wood, an area of					
•	Ancient and Semi-natural woodland. The older part of the					
	quarry is managed by the Mosaic Trust, a charitable body,					
	which has been involved with the quarry restoration since					
	the year 2000, with which Hanson has a strong partnership.					
	The quarry is operational and is being restored progressively					
	in collaboration with the Mosaic Trust. In November 2015 an					
	extension of the quarry to the north was approved and					
	likewise this will be worked and restored progressively.					
National	Between the quarry and Bawtry to the south lies the River					
Designations (SSSI,	Idle Washlands SSSI, designated due to its good examples					
SAC, SPAs,	of wet grassland plant communities and large number of					
RAMSARs and NPs)	passing and wintering waterfowl.					
within 500m	The older part of the quarry is designated as an SSI (County					
Resource	wildlife site) Works funded by restoration budget					
Requirements	Trons funded by restoration budget					
Contribution to	When fully worked restored the site has the potential to hold					
biodiversity	UK BAP/LBAP priority habitats and their associated species					
,	most notably lowland heathland and acid grassland.					
	Restoration of the site (including the northern extension) will					
	fit with the existing designated local wildlife site and increase					
	the biodiversity value of the area as a whole.					
Partners and Local	The Mosaic Trust					
initiatives						
Other documents	Site Restoration Plan					
supporting the site	Management and Aftercare plan 2010					
ВАР						



Action Plan

Item No.	Objective		Biodiversity Feature	Targets	Tasks	Assessing Indicator	Responsible Person	Timescale (Completion)
1	Creation of lowland acid grassland.	•	Lowland acid grassland, moss and lichen rich.	Establish areas of lowland acidic grassland using natural regeneration or seeds of local provenance.	1.Create and seed acid grassland 2. Manage acid grassland once established	Ha restored and managed	Landscape Architect	2019
2	Restoration and creation of hedgerows and woodland areas.	•	Hedgerows encouraging birds, invertebrates.	Increase in amount of hedgerow on site. Increase connectivity of habitats on site	Plant and manage hedgerows in accordance with detail in establishment and aftercare report.	Lin. m planted and maintained	Landscape Architect	2029
		•	Broad-leaved and mixed woodland.	Increase in woodland on site.	2. Plant and manage/create woodland areas in accordance with detail in establishment and aftercare report including glades and coppice.	Ha. planted and managed.		
3	Creation of shallow pools and ephemeral wetland habitat	•	Open water/shallow pools and ephemeral ponds	Create shallows and marginal habitat suitable for target amphibian species and dragonflies etc	1.Create pools 2.Restrict access/install signage to particularly sensitive areas (i.e. bird nesting sites such as sand martins)	Successful breeding by number of species Viable breeding populations of amphibians and dragonflies	Landscape Architect Site Manager	2019 to 2024 Annually
4	Species conservation	•	Bats (all species).	Bat box program in suitable trees on site.	1. Erect bat boxes	Bat box checks	Ecological Consultant	Ongoing until 2029

	and management.	Birds: Barn owl, woodland edge species, farmland species and sand martins Reptiles and amphibians: all common species	Creation of suitable woodland and hedgerow habitat for range of species. Maintenance of breeding population of sand martins. Viable populations of a number of the common species.	2. Maintain vigilance of existing nest sites and limit disturbance by making site staff aware of habitat areas. Leave a suitable sand cliff for sand martins and/or build an artificial nesting wall. 3. Maintain woodland edge habitat near areas of open grassland to provide suitable	Regular breeding by a range of species including sand martins. Records of breeding of a number of species	Site Manager Mosaic Trust/Landsca pe Architect	
		 Invertebrates: Solitary wasps and bees Plants: species of heath/acid grass mosaic 	Maintain and increase populations. To maintain presence of species already recorded (13 species)	habitat for reptiles. 4.Manage to maintain bare sand areas 5. Manage current habitats where the species are found to maintain in favourable condition	Presence of nesting holes in sandy areas Continued presence in previous areas		
5	Habitat and species monitoring.	All of the above.	Maintain agreed monitoring programme to ensure target species are monitored and appropriate response agreed.	and provide new habitat for colonisation. 1. Monitoring data on bird and rare plant species collected and summarised in a report during extraction and continuing for 5 years following restoration.	and presence within new areas Monitoring reports	Mosaic Trust/local groups/staff	Every five years up to 2034