

Forcett Quarry Site Biodiversity Action Plan

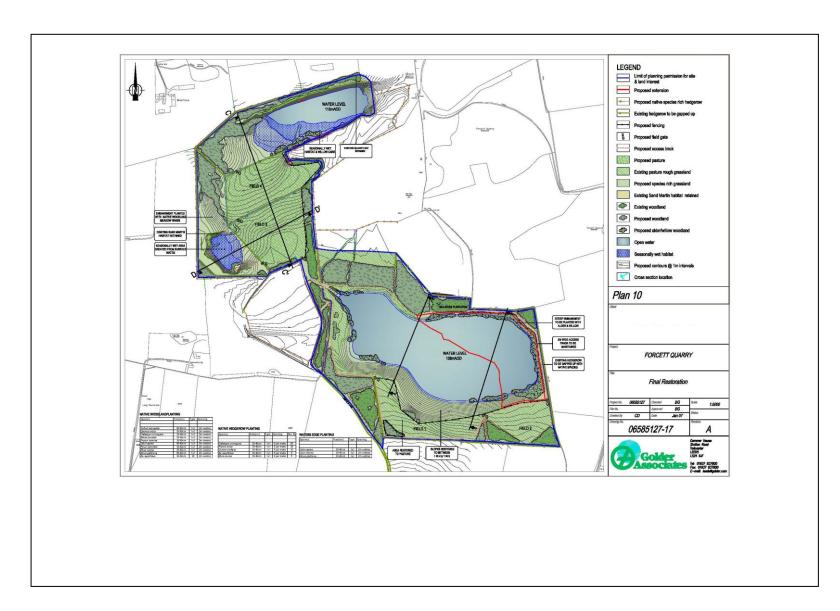


Prepared: December 2010 Updated: December 2013

Site Information- Forcett

Site Name and Location Hanson Company	Forcett Quarry, approximately 10km north of Richmond, North Yorkshire Grid Ref – NZ155109 Hanson Aggregates - North
BAP(s) that will be	UK BAP
targeted Habitat(s) to be developed	Richmondshire LBAP Broadleaved woodland (upland and lowland ash, lowland oak and wet woodland**) Scrub** Species rich grassland
	Standing water ** identified in LBAP as priority for mineral sites
BAP species to be encouraged	Mammals: Bats Birds: Song thrush, Bullfinch, Sand martin, Linnet
Designated Natural Area	Yorkshire and Humber
Background and site description	Extension granted permission in Feb 2008 and was subject to Section 106 agreement which contained an initial management plan for the site for the operational life up to the end of the 5 year aftercare period followed by an additional 10 years. The section 106 requires Hanson to develop the management committee containing representatives from Hanson, NYCC and the landowners and for the group to meet every 6 months. The management group should be consulted on the preparation, implementation and monitoring of the initial management plan and subsequent longer term management plans. The Site is located within an area of productive agriculture with sparse woodland cover. Restoration includes two large waterbodies, woodland and agricultural grassland with areas of fringing habitat for biodiversity
National Designations (SSSI, SAC, SPAs, RAMSARs and NPs) within 500m	None
Resource Requirements	Restoration Budget
Contribution to biodiversity	Quarry set within an area largely intensive agriculture with sparse tree cover and quarry will provide refuge for range of species and link to previously worked areas to the east and large estate lands to the north
Partners and Local initiatives	Forcett Quarry Management committee
Other documents supporting the site BAP	Restoration Plan Management Plan

Site Layout



Action Plan

Item No.	Objective	Biodiversity Feature	Targets	Tasks	Assessing Indicator	Responsible Person	Timescale (Completion)
1	To restore, create and manage woodland and hedgerow habitat	Broad leaved woodland Hedgerows	Plant 5.5ha broadleaved woodland Plant 1630m hedgerows to create connectivity	1.Establish and manage woodland 2. Establish and manage hedgerow by planting, cutting and laying	Ha established and managed Lin. m. established and managed and detailed in annual report	Landscape Architect	Ongoing until 2031
2	To create scrubby margins to woodland	Scrub	To provide a diffuse margin between woodland and grassland habitats for invertebrates	1.Scrub planting programme (see management plan) 2.Management to maintain a mosaic with grassland	Increase in restored areas. (Ha)	Landscape Architect	Ongoing until 2031
3	To create and manage wetland habitat	Shallow margins for emergent and marginal vegetation to develop Wet woodland along margins of northern lake	Initially "benign neglect" but with provision for planting (see management plan) Planting of common alder and willows	1.Monitoring of natural development Annual survey to determine establishment success 2.Planting and natural regeneration	Annual report and increase in woodland and wetland vegetation	Landscape Architect	2016 to 2031
4	To create calcareous grassland	Calcareous grassland	To be established along southern fringe of southern lake	1.Establishment of native limestone grassland using BSH Regional 4 mix or similar (see management plan)	Development of diverse grassland in mosaic with scrub. Annual walkover and recording of species using DAFOR scale during aftercare period. Details in annual report.	Landscape Architect Ecological Consultants	2016 to 2031

5	Species conservation and management	Bats Sand martin Song thrush Bullfinch Linnet Common amphibians	Create broad-leaved woodland, hedgerow and scrub habitat to provide nesting for birds, foraging and commuting routes for bats and connectivity between woodland blocks and site margins. Create grassland/scrub mosaic to benefit a range of invertebrate species including butterflies	1. Protect existing known nests/habitats and limit disturbance on site by making site staff aware of habitat areas. 2. Create areas of new habitat to increase site biodiversity as a whole 3. Encourage reporting of sightings of any target species by staff 4. Recognise opportunities to	Successful development of sward for grazing Site Manager and Landscape architect to inform site staff and contractors working close to sensitive habitat areas. Increased reports of presence of target species Details in annual	Site Manager Landscape Architect	Ongoing until 2031
6	To communicate and publicise	Encourage educational visits	Create wetland margins to provide cover for wetland bird species and habitat for common amphibians and range of wetland invertebrates Local schools regard and use site as educational resource	benefit biodiversity during working and restoration and be flexible to accommodate in restoration 1 or 2 open days or school days/year	No of colleges, schools and students visiting	Site Manager	On hold until site reopens
	interesting features on site (where appropriate)				site		