

Penderyn Quarry Site Biodiversity Action Plan



Prepared: November 2011 Updated: Dec 2013, Nov 2018, November 2023

Site Information- Penderyn Quarry

Site Name and	Penderyn Quarry, Nr Hirwaun	
Location (incl. Grid	SN 95194 09021 (plant site)	
Ref.)	,	
HM Company	Heidelberg Materials UK – Aggregates BL	
BAP(s) that will be	Brecon Beacons National Park, Wales BAP, UK BAP	
targeted	·, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Habitat(s) to be	Acid grassland and upland heathland, Calcareous grassland	
developed	Purple moor grass and rush pastures, Upland woodland,	
ustoloped	Wet woodland, Cliff, rock and scree sites	
BAP species to be	Peregrine falcon, Curlew, Common lizard, slowworm	
encouraged Small heath, marsh fritillary, grayling, wall brown bu		
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Designated Natural	N/A	
Area		
Background and	Penderyn covers a 50ha carboniferous limestone quarry	
site description	landholding within the Brecon Beacons National Park. The	
	quarry lies within an upland landscape of incised valleys and	
	broad ridgelines. The landscape character of the area is	
	strongly influenced by the pattern of topography.	
	The quarry excavation (approx 25ha) has since 2021	
	reached its full extraction limits on all four sides. The plant	
	site (approx 8ha) lies to the west of the extraction area.	
	Restoration concept comprises a relatively deep water body	
	in flooded quarry floor with woodland proposed through	
	mainly natural regeneration on generally narrow, north facing	
	quarry benches. Shallow placement of soil-forming-material	
	will support calcareous grassland restoration on south facing	
	quarry benches, haul roads and on the plant site floor, on	
	completion.	
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	Following 2021 approval of SE extension, remaining west	
	end of Twyn-y-Glog ridge is now retained, restored and	
	managed as per approved Landscape and Ecological	
	Restoration and Management Plan (LERMP)	
	The Company owns a small portion of the Cwm Cadlan	
	SSSI/SAC to the north of the quarry, with its supposed	
	hydrological requirements limiting approved quarry working	
	depth.	
National	Whole site within BBNP.	
Designations (SSSI,	Cwm Cadlan SSSI and SAC, designated because of its	
SAC, NPs etc)	marsh grassland, species-rich fen and purple moor-grass	
within 500m	pasture	
Resource	Restoration earthworks, tree planting and grass seeding will	
Requirements	be covered within the site restoration or stripping budgets.	
Contribution to	Positive management of SSSI/SAC wet grassland, riparian	
biodiversity	woodland and ridgeline acid grassland. Habitat creation of	
	wooded strips, screes and calcareous grassland through	
	timely bench and quarry waste tip restoration.	
Partners and Local	Brecon Beacons National Park Authority	
initiatives	CCW	
Other documents	Quarry development and restoration plans;	
supporting the site	ecological surveys/reports from 2010 ROMP and ES.	
BAP	2022 approved LERMP	

Site Layout



Action Plan

Item	Objective	Biodiversity	Targets	Tasks	Assessing	Responsible	Timescale
No.		Feature			Indicator	Person	(Completion)
1	Positive management of existing woodland habitats and	Wet woodland and its associated flora and fauna	To assess and implement appropriate management of wet riparian woodland areas (stockyard screenbank conditions	Carry out assessment of existing woodland, agree and draw up suitable management regime	Assessment carried out and report produced	Landscape Architect	Assessment complete 2012
	middle-aged plantations	Broadleaved woodland and associated flora	7&8) Improve the quality of restoration plantations to	2. Arrange NRW Felling Licence and contract for thinning and coppicing.	Felling Licence in place	Landscape Manager	First phase of coppicing complete by Q1 2025
		and fauna e.g. barbastelle bat	promote long-lived native tree species, varied canopy structure and increased ground flora	3. Implement appropriate management regime with arisings left as dead wood habitat piles, implement	Area coppiced and thinned Number of bird		Bird and bat
			diversity	LERMP for woodland below telecoms mast	and bat boxes erected		boxes erected by end 2024
2	Reinstate- ment of un- quarried western end of Twyn-Y-	Upland Heathland and acid grassland; reptiles (slow worms and common lizards)	Restore acid grassland and heathland on disturbed but retained sections along west end of ridge in accordance	Re-grade ridgeline haul road and replace stripped acidic soils from store onto disturbed areas	Soil replacement completed	Landscape Manager	Complete 2022 Heather collection and spreading Oct
	Glog ridgeline	and common near go)	with approved LERMP Manage remaining retained TyG vegetation	2. establish acid grassland and heathland by natural regeneration and/or using locally collected material	Acid grassland and heather establishing and visible from fixed point photograph locations	Consultant ecologist	2023. Monitor for Heather presence/ absence by end 2026
				Maintain reptile hibernacula and open glades in west end woodland and	Hibernacula in place - rock piles on ridge	Unit Manager	Hibernacula in place by end 2024

				grassland below telecoms mast	and log piles in woodland		
3	Improve and maintain Cwm Cadlan marshy grassland	SAC purple moor grass communities, amphibians, marsh fritillary	To secure appropriate management to maintain/ achieve favourable status of designated areas	Maintain grazing regime Management to be carried o in conjunction with advice from NRW on SAC fragment within Heidelberg control, to reduce current scrub encroachment.	Grazing ongoing Advice sought and % scrub cover reduced as guided	Landscape Manager	ongoing Advice sought by Q3 2024 First phase of clearance complete by Q1 2026
4	Maintain current quality and extent of diverse grassland habitats and increase through ongoing quarry reclamation	Acid grassland and heathland (Twn Y Glog southern ridge); calcareous and neutral grasslands on northern ridgeline; associated fauna e.g. small heath, grayling, wall, common lizard	Manage existing resource to prevent decline of quality and extent and to encourage associated fauna To provide and restore further areas of open grassland habitat during bench, Tip and Plant Site terminal reclamation	1. Monitor grassland condition periodically throughout life of site 2. Take opportunities to increase extent through progressive restoration of quarry benches and tips in line with ROMP restoration design (though N-facing benches intended as predominantly woodland)	Monitoring records available Linear metres or plan area of face/bench complex restored	Landscape Manager/ Consultant ecologist Site manager	Czech research student visit June 23 Ongoing