

KETTON

Site Biodiversity Action Plan



Prepared: 2010	Updated: 2015
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Site Information- Ketton

Site Name and Location (incl. Grid Ref.) Ketton Quarry, Rutland (OS map ref: SK982054) Hanson Company HANSON AGGREGATES – CENTRAL BAP(s) that will be National BAP Leicestershire and Rutland BAP	
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BAP(s) that National BAP	
will be Leicestershire and Rutland BAP	
targeted	
Habitat(s) to Broadleaved Woodland	
be developed Calcareous grassland	
BAP species Great Crested Newt	
to be Badger	
encouraged Bats	
Invertebrates	
Designated Eastern area – Trent Valley Rises	
Natural Area Western area – Lincolnshire and Rutland Limestone	
Background Ketton Quarry has been an active limestone quarry since 1928, with areas at vario	
and site stages of working and restoration. Its highest point lies at 100m aod. The unworke	
description land is mainly in agricultural use, with extensive areas of woodland and scrub.	^{,u}
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National Ketton Quarries SSSI	
Designations <u>http://www.sssi.naturalengland.org.uk/citation/citation_photo/1000210.pdf</u>	
(SSSI, SAC, Rutland water SSSI	
SPAs, <u>http://designatedsites.naturalengland.org.uk/UnitDetail.aspx?UnitId=1001184</u>	
RAMSARs and Rutland Water RAMSAR site	
NPs) within Rutland Water SPA	
500m Shacklewell Hollow SSSI	
Resource Pre-stripping ecological surveys and protected species monitoring reports, which a	are
Requirements- planning and legislative requirements.	
comment on Protection of existing habitat features.	
cost if Creation of woodland, ponds, grassland are all part of the approved restoration	
appropriate scheme	
Contribution Ketton quarry is home to 26 different species of butterfly and a large number of bi	rds,
to biodiversity including nightingales.	
Nearly 13,000 trees and shrubs have been planted on an extension to the Wytchle	∋у
Warren Farm guarry in Ketton.	-
The company has also built a 63-metre long bat cave in the quarry.	
In recent years on the Ketton Quarry SSSI, local volunteers have helped clear sor	ne
of the scrub and grazed the grassland with donkeys. The WildlifeTrust's small floc	
manx loghtan sheep now graze the area and the rate of scrub removal has been	
increased so that more calcareous grassland, a nationally important wildlife habita	at
can be established. The intention is to link up all of the remaining pockets of	••,
grassland, but to leave some scrub. Manx Loghtan sheep belonging to the trust ha	ave
grazed in the paddocks in rotation since 2004	
Partners and Leicestershire and Rutland Wildlife Trust.	
initiatives	
Other Mercaston Quarries Environmental Statement [ROMP].	
documents Protected species reports (confidential).	
supporting the	
site BAP	

Site Layouts



Action Plan

Item No.	Objective	Biodiversity Feature	Targets	Tasks	Assessing Indicator	Responsible Person	Timescale (Completion)
1	Restore important habitats.	Calcareous grassland	Create 10 ha of heath/grassland mosaic.	In compliance with proposed restoration scheme, monitor and survey areas of grassland and encourage establishment by transplanting of turves. Protect any existing grassland by on-going management of trees and scrub.	Land area restored (ha). Successful establishment of planted species (report). Land area cleared of competing vegetation (ha).	Landscape Architect.	Bi-annual reporting for the life of the site.
2	Restore important habitats.	Broadleaved woodland.	Create 18 hectares of broadleaved woodland (including open areas and glades).	Restore to extensive areas of broadleaf woodland with open areas (approx 20% area) allowing natural regeneration and increasing biodiversity potential. Woodland establishment will be by planting of native tree and shrub species to compliment the woodland in the surrounding area.	Area of woodland planted (ha).	Landscape Architect.	Report on woodland planting as it occurs throughout life of site.
3	Protect species.	Great Crested Newt, Badger, Bats Invertebrates	Minimise disturbance to existing site populations. Monitor protected species at least once every two years.	Protect existing known nests/habitats and limit disturbance on site by making site staff aware of habitat areas. Monitor site for development of new nests/habitats	Bi-annual species monitoring reports. Site Manager and Landscape architect to inform site staff and contractors working close to habitat areas.	Landscape Architect. Site Manager.	Every two years for life of site.